

Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University Faculty of Science & Technology

Structure & Syllabus

3rd and 4th Semester B. Tech

(Chemical Technology)

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION RASHTRASANT TUKADOJI MAHARAJ NAGPUR UNIVERSITY, NAGPUR THIRD SEMESTER B. TECH (CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY)

| Sr. No. | Code | | | W | /ork | Loa | d Hrs | Credit | | | | Marks | | | | | Min. % of |
|------------|--------------------|---|-------|----|------|-----|-------|--------|-----|---|-------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Theory (T) Subject | Subject | Board | | | | | | | | Total | Theory | | Practical | | | Marks |
| | Practical (P) | | | L | LP | T | Total | L | P | T | | College Assessment | University | College Assessment | University | Total Marks | Required for Passing |
| 1 | CT-PCC- 301T | Material & Energy Balance Computations | BCE | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 30 | 70 | - | | 100 | 45% |
| 2 | CT-PCC- 302T | Particle & Fluid Particle Processing | BCE | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 30 | 70 | _ | | 100 | 45% |
| 3 | CT-PCC- 303T | Thermodynamics – II | BCE | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 30 | 70 | | | 100 | 45% |
| 4 | CT-GES- 304 T | Material Science | BGE | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | | - | 100 | 45% |
| 5 | CT-BS- 305 T | Maths - III | BGE | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | | | 100 | 45% |
| 6 | CT-BS- 306 T | Elementary Molecular Approach | BGE | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | | Ac . | 100 | 45% |
| 7 | CT-GES- 307P | Material Science Laboratory | BGE | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | 70 | 25 | 25 | 50 | 1/58/12=2 |
| 8 | CT-BS- 308 P | Elementary Molecular Approach – Laboratory | BGE | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | | | 25 | 25 | 50 | 50% |
| 9 | CT-PCC- 309P | Particle & Fluid Particle Processing Lab | BCE | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | | | 25 | 25 | 50 | 50% |
| | | Total | | 18 | 8 | 3 | 29 | 18 | 4 | 3 | 25 | 180 | 420 | 75 | 75 | 750 | 5070 |

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SCHEME OF EXAMINATION RASHTRASANT TUKADOJI MAHARAJ NAGPUR UNIVERSITY, NAGPUR FOURTH SEMESTER B. TECH (CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY)

| Sr. No. | Code | | | Work Load Hrs | | | | | С | redit | | | | Min. % of | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|--|------|---------------|----|---------|-------|----|-----|-------|--------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| | Theory (T) Subject | Board | | | | Tors as | | | | | Theory | | Practical | | | Marks | |
| | Practical (P) | | | L | Р | T | Total | L | P | Т | Total | College Assessment | University | College Assessment | University | Total Marks | Required for Passing |
| 1 | CT-PCC-401T | Process Technology & Economics | BCE | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 30 | 70 | Assessment - | - | 100 | 45% |
| 2 | CT-CS-402T | *Special Technology I | BCHT | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | | | 100 | |
| 3 | CT-PCC-403T | Fluid Mechanics | BCE | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 30 | 70 | | - | | 45% |
| 4 | CT-PCC-404T | Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering | BCE | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 35 | - | _ | 50 | 45% 45% |
| 5 | CT-BS-405 T | Inorganic Process Technology | BGE | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | | | | |
| 6 | CT-HSMC-HS - 406 T | HASS II Functional English | BGE | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 70 35 | | - | 100 50 | 45% 45% |
| 7 | CT-PCC-407P | Fluid Mechanics Lab | BCE | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | SASTES | | 25 | | | |
| 8 | CT-PCC-408P | Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering Lab | BCE | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | 25 25 | 25 25 | 50 | 45% 50% |
| 9 | CT-BS-409 P | Inorganic Process Technology Laboratory | BGE | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | : HI II - | | 25 | 25 | 50 | 50% |
| 10 | CT-GES-410 P | Engineering Workshop | BGE | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | | | 25 | | | Area a |
| 11 | MC | Environmental Sciences | 202 | - | | J | 3 | 0 | 1.3 | 0 | 1.3 | - | - | 25 | 25 | 50 | 50% |
| | | | BCE | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | :#A | | * | - | - | Audit Course S/NS** |
| | | Total | | 16 | 10 | 2 | 28 | 16 | 5 | 2 | 23 | 150 | 350 | 100 | 100 | 700 | |

^{**} S/NS Grade for Audit Course S – Satisfactory or NS – Not Satisfactory

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^{*}Food Technology

^{*}Oil Technology

^{*}Petrochemical Technology

^{*}Pulp and Paper Technology

^{*}Plastics and Polymer Technology

^{*}Surface Coating Technology

Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University

Faculty of Science & Technology

Syllabus for

Third Semester B.Tech. Chemical Technology

Subject: CT-PCC-301T (BCE)

Material & Energy Balance

Computations (Theory)

Lecture

: 3 Hours

Tutorial: 1 Hour

No. of Credits

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

• This course will prepare students to make analysis of chemical processes through calculations, which need to be performed in the chemical processing operations.

• The students are introduced to the application of laws and also to formulate and solve material and energy balances in processes with and without chemical reactions.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To understand the basic concept, units, and conversion of chemical process calculations.

CO2: To understand the application of various gas laws, volume changes, humidity and saturation, solubility and crystallization.

CO3: To perform material and energy balances on chemical processes/equipment without and with reactions.

CO4: To do energy balances on chemical processes/equipment without and with reactions.

CO5: To perform energy balances on chemical processes/equipment with chemical reactions and heat and combustion problems

Unit 1: Basic principles, the concept of gram atom and gram mole, conversion of units from one system to another, concept of excess reactant, conversion and yield, Selectivity and degree of completion of reaction.

- Unit 2: Ideal gases, partial pressure, vapor pressure, application of ideal gas laws, volume changes with changes of composition, dissociating gases, humidity and saturation, solubility and crystallization.
- **Unit 3:** Material balance without chemical reaction, recycle, purge and bypass calculations, material balance with chemical reaction.
- Unit 4: Energy balance without chemical reaction, combined material and energy balances.
- **Unit 5:** Energy balance with chemical reaction, combined material and energy balances, Fuels and combustion, types of fuels, heating values of fuels, theoretical and excess air, heat and combustion problems

Books Recommended:

- K.V. Narayana, B. Laxmikutty, Stoichiometry and Process Calculation, Prentice Hall of India 2006.
- 2. D.M. Himmalblau, Basic Principles and Calculations in Chemical Engineering, 6th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 3. B.I. Bhatt, S.M. Vora, Stoichiometry, 4th Edition, Tata-McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 4. A. Hougen, M. Watson, Chemical Process Calculation, Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2000.

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Subject: CT-PCC-302T (BCE) Particle & Fluid Particle Processing (Theory)

Lecture

: 3 Hours

Tutorial: 1 Hour

No. of Credits

: 4

University : 70 Marks College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

 The course aims at providing an overview of the approaches, methods and techniques of particle and fluid particle processing. The objectives include the understanding of concepts like physical properties and handling of solids and solid-fluid mixtures, separation processes for solid-solid and solid-fluid mixtures, concepts of filtration, sedimentation, agitation and mixing of liquids, and flow through packed and fluidized beds.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: understand solid particle characterization & relevance of fluid and particle mechanics and mechanical operations in chemical engineering

CO2: understand crushing and screening principles and equipment's used for them.

CO3: understand handling & transportation of solids and fluid solid systems.

CO4: understand separation of solids from fluids by using sedimentation and basic principles, operation and equipment's used for them.

CO5: understand separation of solid from fluids by using Filtration, flotation and classification and basic principles, operation and equipment's used for them

Unit 1: Relevance of fluid and particle mechanics and mechanical operations in chemical engineering process. Solid particle characterization: particle size, shape and their distribution, relation among shape factors and particle dimensions, specific surface area, measurement of surface area. Flow around immersed bodies, concept of drag, boundary layer separation, skin and form drag, drag correction

Unit 2: Solids: size reductions, types of equipment's used in the various stages of reductions, laws of crushing and grinding power requirements. Screening: screening equipments, effectiveness of screens, sieve analysis, particle size distribution, classification of particles, size enlargement, nucleation and growth of particles.

- Unit 3: Handling of solids: Belt conveyer, screw conveyer, flight conveyer, bucket conveyer, pneumatic conveyer. Capacity and power requirement of conveyer, transport of fluid solid system, terminal settling velocity, hindered settling velocity.
- Unit 4: Separation of solids from fluids: sedimentation free settling, hindered settling, Kynch theory of sedimentation, design of settling tank, sedimentation equipment's Centrifugation principles of a centrifuge. Colloidal particles: stabilization, flocculation
- Unit 5: Filtration: filtration theory, equipments for filtration, constant rate and constant pressure filtration filter calculation optimum filtration and filter aid, equipments used for filtration. Classification Principle of classification, equipment's for classification, design of cyclone and hydrocyclone, flotation cells and calculation for flotation cell. Application of fluidization.

Books Recommended:

- 1. W. L. McCabe, J. CS mith, P. Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 6th edition, McGraw Hill. 2001.
- 2. J. F. Richardson, J. H. Harker, J. R. Backhurst, Coulson and Richardson's Chemical Engineering, Vol. 2, Fifth edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2002.
- 3. G.G. Brown, Unit operation, First Edition, CBS publication 1995, reprint 2005.
- 4. M. J. Rhodes, Introduction to Particle Technology, 2nd edition, John Wiley, Chichester; New York, 2008.
- 5. T. Allen, Powder Sampling and Particle Size Determination, Elsevier, 2003.
- 6. H. Masuda, K. Higashitani, H. Yoshida, Powder Technology Handbook, CRC, Taylor and Francis, 2006.
- 7. D. Vollath, Nanomaterials: An Introduction to Synthesis, Properties and Applications, 2nd Ed., Wiley, 2013.

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Subject: CT-PCC-303T (BCE)

Thermodynamics II (Theory)

Lecture

: 3 Hours

Tutorial: 1 Hour

No. of Credits

: 4

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is

- to introduce the principles of Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics and illustrate their application to design of chemical process plants.
- to understand the laws of thermodynamics and their applications in the flow/non-flow processes.
- to familiarise with the estimation of volumetric and key thermodynamic properties of real fluids and mixtures, solution thermodynamics, phase and chemical reaction equilibria.
- · to understand the applications phase and reaction equilibria which include liquid-liquid equilibria, vapour liquid-liquid equilibria, solid-liquid, and solid-vapour equilibria.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: Understand and apply the laws and rules of thermodynamics, equilibrium and phase rule.
- CO2: Understand various thermodynamics properties and relationships, and coefficients of species and their properties.
- CO3: Understand Liquid phase properties from VLE, Models for excess Gibbs energy, heat effects and property change on mixing
- CO4: Understand different Equilibria, equilibrium criterion, evaluation of equilibrium constant and equilibrium conversion at different conditions.
- CO5: Understand molecular/statistical thermodynamics
- Unit 1: Review of first and second law of thermodynamics, Vapor-liquid equilibrium: phase rule, simple models for VLE; VLE by modified Raoult's law; VLE from K-value correlations; Flash calculations.
- Unit 2: Solution Thermodynamics: fundamental property relationships, free energy and chemical potential, partial properties, definition of fugacity and fugacity coefficient of pure species and species in solution, the ideal solution and excess properties.

- **Unit 3:** Liquid phase properties from VLE, Models for excess Gibb's energy, heat effects and property change on mixing. Introduction to UNIFAC and UNIQUAC models.
- Unit 4: Liquid-Liquid Equilibria; Vapor-Liquid-Liquid Equilibria; Solid-Liquid Equilibria; Solid-Gas Equilibria., Chemical reaction equilibria: equilibrium criterion, equilibrium constant, evaluation of equilibrium constant at different temperatures, equilibrium conversion of single reactions, multireaction equilibria.

Unit 5: Introduction to molecular/statistical thermodynamics

Books Recommended:

- 1. J. M. Smith, H. C. Van Ness, M.M. Abbott, Introduction to Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics, 7th edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2005.
- 2. K. V. Narayanan, Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics, Pentice Hall India 2006.
- 3. S. Sandler, Chemical, Biochemical and Engineering Thermodynamics, 4th edition, Wiley, India.
- 4. Y. V. C. Rao, Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics, University Press, Hyderabad, 1997.

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Subject: CT-GES-304T (BGE)

Material Science (Theory)

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

The objective of the course will be to give the students a basic introduction to the different classes of materials relevant to engineering in general and Chemical Engineering in particular.

• The intent of the course will be to relate the underlying molecular structure of the materials to their physical and chemical properties and their processing and performance characteristics.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to understand:

CO1: Various bonding between atoms, thermal expansion, elastic modulus and melting point of materials & role of materials selection in design.

CO2: Miller Indices, packing of atoms, close-packed structure, ionic solids, glass and polymers.

CO3: Different imperfections, impurities, dislocations, defects, and stacking faults.

CO4: Different structure and strength of materials, strain behaviour of metals, ceramics and polymers.

CO5: Amorphous materials, Polymer nano-composite materials and Environmental Degradation.

Unit 1: Introduction to materials, bonding between atoms: metallic bonding, ionic bonding, covalent bonding, Van der Waals bond, thermal expansion, elastic modulus and melting point of materials, Role of materials selection in design, structure-property-processingperformance relationships.

Unit 2: Miller Indices of planes and directions, packing of atoms inside solids, close-packed structures, structure of ceramics, ionic solids, glass and polymers, density of various

Unit 3: Imperfections in solids: vacancies, equilibrium concentration of vacancies, interstitial and substitutional impurities in solids, dislocations, types and characteristics of dislocations, interfacial defects, stacking faults.

- Unit 4: Structure of materials and Strength of Materials: Yield strength, tensile strength and ductility of materials: stress strain behaviour of metals, ceramics and polymers, tensile test, plastic deformation, necking, creep behaviour and fatigue.
- Unit 5: Amorphous materials, Polymer nano-composite materials, Environmental Degradation:Corrosion and oxidation of materials, prevention, Biomaterials.

Books Recommended:

- V. Raghavan, Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course, 5th Edition Prentice Hall India, 2004.
- S. Upadhyaya and A. Upadhyaya, Material Science and Engineering, Anshan Publications, 2007.
- 3. R. A. L Jones, Soft Condensed Matter, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 4. William D. Callister, David G. Rethwisch, Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction, Wiley Publisher.
- 5. B. S. Mitchell, An Introduction to Materials Engineering and Science for Chemical and Materials Engineers, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.

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Subject: CT-BS-305T (BGE) Maths –III (Theory)

Lecture : 3 Hours No. of Credits : 3

University: 70 Marks College Assessment: 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

• To develop the logical understanding of the subject.

 To acquire mathematical skills such that the students are able to apply mathematical methods and principals in order to solve engineering problems of various fields.

• To make the students aware about the significance and interrelation between Mathematics and Engineering.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Represent the solution of Differential Equations in the form of series.

CO2: Understand Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms of various functions involved in engineering field.

CO3: Apply Laplace transform to solve Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations as well as to evaluate the integral equations & solve hyperbolic, parabolic, elliptical PDEs using various Numerical methods and apply these methods to solve various engineering problems.

CO4: Apply Fourier Transform to Solve Integral Equations.

CO5: Evaluate the integration of function of complex variable. Also, able to transform the function from one plane to another.

Unit 1: Series Solution and Special Function

Method of infinite series solution for ordinary D. E. when x = 0 as a ordinary point & x = 0 as a regular singular point by Fresenius method,

Special Function: Bessel's equation, Bessel's functions: recurrence relations, orthogonality property, generating function, Legendre's equation, Legendre Polynomials: Rodrigue's formula generating function, recurrence relations, orthogonality property.

Unit 2: Laplace Transforms

Important Formulae, Properties of Laplace Transforms, Laplace Transform of Unit Step Function, Impulse Function, Periodic Function, Dirac Delta Function, Bessel Function, Error Function.

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Inverse Laplace Transforms: Important Formulae, Properties of Inverse Laplace Transforms, Partial fraction Method, Convolution Theorem,

Unit 3: Solution of Differential Equations:

- i) By Laplace Transform: Solutions of ordinary differential equations, simultaneous ordinary differential equations, partial differential equations and evaluation of Integrals using Laplace Transform method.
- ii) Solution of Partial Differential Equations by Numerical Techniques: Numerical solution of parabolic, elliptic and hyperbolic Partial Differential Equations using finite difference technique.

Unit 4: Fourier Transform

Definition and Properties (excluding FFT), Fourier Integral Theorem, Relation with Laplace Transform, Applications of Fourier Transform to Solve Integral Equations.

Unit 5: Complex Variables: Integration

Integration of function of complex variables, Cauchy's integral theorem and integral formula, Residue theorem and its use for evaluating Integrals of function of complex variables, evaluation real definite integrals by contour integration.

Books Recommended:

- 1. H. K. Das, Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S Chand, 2014.
- 2. N. P. Bali, Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications Pvt Limited. 2016.
- 3. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers.

Subject: CT-BS-306T (BGE) Elementary Molecular Approach (Theory)

Lecture : 3 Hours No. of Credits

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

 The student will be able to acquire knowledge in the concepts of Physical Chemistry for engineering applications. These concepts are required in many situations which are faced by chemical engineers in their professional career and to familiarize the students with different application-oriented topics like solution's thermodynamics, phase eutectic systems, molecular structure of compounds and applications of various spectroscopic techniques.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To understand solution chemistry and relate it with practical problems.

CO2: To sketch the phase diagram for various solid systems and judge their metallurgical applications.

CO3: To summarize the macromolecules for designing new engineering material.

CO4: To acquire the knowledge on various photo chemical laws and electronic spectroscopy and apply it for interpreting the ultraviolet spectra of molecules.

CO5: To understand the basics of nuclear spin resonance spectroscopy and implement this knowledge in structure elucidation of chemical compounds.

Unit 1: Thermodynamics of solutions

Raoult's Law, Vapour Pressures of ideal solutions; Activity of ideal solution; chemical potential of ideal solution; Gibb- Duhem- Margules Equation; Free energy, entropy, and enthalpy of mixing

Vapour Pressures of real solutions, Vapour Pressure-composition and Boiling Point composition Curves of completely Miscible Binary Solutions; Binary miscible liquids (ideal and non-ideal), azeotropes, lever rule; Nernst distribution law and its Applications, Numericals.

Unit 2: Liquids and Phase equilibria

Phase Equilibria: Concept of phases, components and degrees of freedom; derivation of Gibbs Phase Rule for nonreactive and reactive systems; Clausius-Clapeyron equation: derivation and its applications to solid liquid, liquid-vapour and

solid-vapour equilibria; *Phase diagram for one component systems*: water, CO₂ and sulphur. *Two component Eutectic system*: Pb- Ag system, Eutectic system with congruent and incongruent melting point, *Three component systems*: water-chloroform-acetic acid system.

B] Partially miscible liquids: Systems with UCST, LCST and both LCST and UCST- phenol-water, trimethylamine-water, nicotine-water systems. Effect of temperature on CST.

Unit 3: Macromolecules

A] Basic Concepts: Introduction, Classifications of polymer: based on origin, structure, mode of synthesis; interparticle forces and thermal response; monomer unit. tacticity and physical properties; degree of polymerization, polydispersity index, Molecular weights: Number average, Weight average, Viscosity average molecular weight; Methods of molecular weight determination: viscosity, light scattering method, sedimentation velocity method and membrane osmotic pressure method.

B] Polymerization Techniques: *Chain growth/Addition polymerization:* free radical, cationic, anionic; Step growth polymerization; Coordination polymerization; Ziegler-Natta catalyst.

Unit 4: Molecular Absorption spectroscopy

Al Photochemistry: Thermal and photochemical reaction, Electromagnetic radiation, interaction with atoms and molecules, Lambert Beer law (derivation and deviations from it), laws of photochemistry; Quantum yield, determination of quantum yield, Reasons for high and low quantum yield, numerical; Jablonskii diagram, singlet and doublet state, fluorescence and phosphorescence.

B] Electronic spectroscopy: Characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, Various electronic transitions, Effect of solvent on electronic transitions, Ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes and conjugated polyenes. Fieser Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, Ultraviolet spectra of molecules.

Unit 5: H NMR Spectroscopy

A] Introduction, Nuclear spin, nuclear magnetic moment, shielding of magnetic nuclei; Chemical shifts, factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-spin splitting; low- and high-resolution spectra, isotopic abundance; Factors influencing coupling constant 'J' – Classification (ABX, AMX, ABC, A2B2 etc.), spin decoupling.

B] Mechanism of measurement: Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded to carbon: aliphatic, olefinic, aldehydic and aromatic and other nuclei: alcohols,

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phenols, enols, carboxylic acids, amines and amides; use of NMR in molecular structure diagnostics.

Books Recommended:

- Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry 8 th Ed., Oxford University Press (2006).
- 2. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4 th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- 3. McQuarrie, D. A. & Simon, J. D. Molecular Thermodynamics Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2004).
- 4. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (2007).
- 5. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
- 6. Laidler, K.J. & Meiser, J.H. 2nd Edition Physical chemistry, CBS publishers, New Delhi (1999).
- 7. Banwel, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 8. C.N. R. Rao, University General Chemistry. Mc. Millan Publication.
- 9. Puri B.H., Sharma L.R. and Pathania M.S.; Principles of Physical Chemistry, Vishal Publishing Co., 42nd Edition.
- 10. Alka L Gupta, Polymer Chemistry, Pragati Prakashan.
- 11. V R Gowarikar, N V Viswanathan, J Sreedhar, Polymer Science, New Age International.
- 12. D.N. Sathyanarayana, Handbook of Molecular Spectroscopy.

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Subject: CT-GES-307P (BGE)

Material Science Laboratory (Practical)

Practical

: 2 Hours

No. of Credits

: 1

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

• To introduce crystal structure, common crystal defects and to recognize their role in materials behavior.

- To provide students with basic knowledge of how material properties ultimately influence engineering design in their respective disciplines, and how these properties lead to limitations.
- To experimentally demonstrate the mechanical properties of materials.
- To enable students to create lab reports using enhanced skills for presenting and interpreting experimental results.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the elementary concepts of materials science in the aspects of structure of atoms, crystal structure and to describe crystal imperfections in the materials.
- CO2: Analyze the failure of materials under tension, impact loading and to interpret fatigue and creep behavior of materials in order to select the materials and properties suitable for particular application.
- CO3: Explain features, Classify the thermosetting plastics and thermoplastics and study these materials for specific uses based on the properties, characteristics, and service of the materials.
- CO4: Perform and conduct scientific and engineering experiments to study the material properties and to analyze and interpret data.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. To study the crystal structure of a given specimen.
- 2. To study the imperfection in crystal.
- 3. To study the microstructure of mild steel with the help of microscope.
- 4. To study heat treatment processes (annealing & tempering) applied to a given specimen.
- 5. To study the thermosetting plastics.
- 6. To study the creep behaviour of a given specimen.
- Tensile test on mild steel sample using UTM.

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8. Fatigue test on the mild steel sample.

Books Recommended:

- V. Raghavan Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course, 5th Edition Prentice Hall India, 2004.
- 2. 2. S. Upadhyaya and A. Upadhyaya, Material Science and Engineering, Anshan Publications, 2007.

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Subject: CT-BS-308P (BGE) Elementary Molecular Approach Laboratory (Practical)

Practical

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 1.5

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

 Students will be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to the concepts of Physical Chemistry for engineering applications.

 Students will be able to clearly communicate the results of scientific work in oral, written and electronic formats their professional career.

 Students will be able to explore new areas of research in solution thermodynamics, phase eutectic systems, liquid-liquid extraction, electrochemistry, concept of interfaces and surfaces chemistry, photochemistry and polymers.

Students will be able to function as a member of an interdisciplinary problem solving team in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To acquire practical knowledge on the basic chemistry principles for apply in chemical engineering.

CO2: To acquire training in accurate and precise data collection.

CO3: To acquire practical knowledge of the phase diagrams and its application in metallurgy.

CO4: To acquire practical knowledge of analytical techniques like conductometric and spectroscopic techniques and solvent extraction process to deal with practical problems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. To study the distribution of succinic acid in H2O- toluene, H2O-ether and comparison of distribution coefficient.
- 2. To study the $KI_3 \rightarrow KI + I_2$ equilibrium in aqueous solution.
- 3. To construct the phase diagrams of two components system (phenol- water) and study the effect of 1% NaCl, 1% succinic acid, 0.5% naphthalene on CST in phenol-water systems.
- 4. To study the phase diagram of ternary system (Toluene-Acetic acid-water; Ethyl acetateacetic acid, water).

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- 5. To study the mutual solubility of a) Nicotine-water, and b) glycerol-m-toluidine and determine consolute points.
- 6. To find out the constant of conductivity cell and hence determine the dissociation constant of a weak acid.
- 7. To determine CST of phenol and water in presence of a) 1% NaCl, b) 0.5% naphthalene and c) 1%succinic acid.
- 8. To determine the conductometric titration curve in the neutralization of strong /weak acids against a strong/weak bases.
- 9. To determine the volume percentage of pure ethanol in a given solution of it in Benzene by surface tension measurement.
- 10. To study the coagulation of ferric hydroxide sol with KCl, K₂SO₄ and K₃[Fe(CN)₆] and find their coagulating value.
- 11. To determine the wavelength of maximum absorption and to verify the Beer's law for KMnO₄ / K₂Cr₂O₇ solution.
- 12. To determine ferrous ions in a given sample spectrophotometrically by O-phenathroline method.
- 13. To determine the molecular weight of a high polymer (polystyrene) by viscosity measurement.
- 14. Potentiometric titration of acetic acid against NaOH and to determine the dissociation constant of acid.
- 15. To study the molecular condition of benzoic acid in Toluene by determining the partition co-efficient between Toluene and water.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Practical Physical Chemistry 3rd edition A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman publication
- 2. Experiments in Physical Chemistry R.C. Das and B. Behra, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry J.B. Yadav, Goel Publishing House
- 4. Advanced Experimental Chemistry. Vol-I J.N. Gurtu and R Kapoor, S. Chand and Co.
- 5. B. Vishwanathan, P.S. Raghavan; Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, 2010.

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Subject: CT-PCC-309P (BCE) Particle & Fluid Particle Processing Lab (Practical)

Practical

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 1.5

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 6 Hours

Course Objectives:

 The course aims at performing the experiments and getting hands-on experience on concepts such as, the properties, size-reduction and handling of solids and solid-fluid mixtures, separation processes for solid-solid and solid-fluid mixtures, concepts of filtration, agitation and mixing of liquids, and packed and fluidized beds.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: The student would understand the physical properties, property measurement and handling of solid-solid and solid-fluid mixtures.
- CO2: The student would understand separation processes for solid-solid and solid-fluid mixtures.
- CO3: To understand the processes involved in agitation and mixing of liquids
- CO4: To understand the working and applications of solid-storage and conveying, and flow through packed and fluidized beds

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Required to perform minimum 8 practical from the list given below:

- 1. To study relationship between the Drag coefficient and modified Reynolds number for body falling through fluid (Cd Vs NRE)
- 2. To carry out the batch sedimentation test and use results to design the thickener
- 3. To determine the efficiency of Mineral Jig
- 4. To establish the filtration equation for the leaf filter system and to evaluate compressibility of cake.
- 5. To study the power consumption of an agitator with Reynolds and Froude number
- 6. To verify the laws of crushing and grinding
- 7. To determine the mean arithmetic diameter, mean surface diameter and mean volume diameter
- 8. To determine the size distribution in a given sample (Elutriation)

- 9. To determine the effectiveness of vibrating screen
- 10. To separate the various size fraction in a mixture on the basis of their settling velocities in a fluid (size separation)
- 11. To determine the efficiency of a cyclone separator.
- 12. To study separation in cone classifier.
- 13. To study the operation of hammer mill and determination of efficiency of hammer mill
- 14. To study working principle of froth flotation cell
- 15. To study the magnetic separator and to determine the efficiency of magnetic separator.

Books Recommended:

- W. L. McCabe, J. CS mith, P. Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 6th edition, McGraw Hill. 2001.
- 2. J. F. Richardson, J. H. Harker, J. R. Backhurst, Coulson and Richardson's Chemical Engineering, Vol. 2, Fifth edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2002.
- 3. G.G. Brown, Unit operation, First Edition, CBS publication 1995, reprint 2005.
- M. J. Rhodes, Introduction to Particle Technology, 2nd edition, John Wiley, Chichester; New York, 2008.
- 5. T. Allen, Powder Sampling and Particle Size Determination, Elsevier, 2003.
- 6. H. Masuda, K. Higashitani, H. Yoshida, Powder Technology Handbook, CRC, Taylor and Francis, 2006.
- D. Vollath, Nanomaterials: An Introduction to Synthesis, Properties and Applications, 2nd Ed., Wiley, 2013.

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Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University

Faculty of Science & Technology

Syllabus for

Fourth Semester B.Tech. Chemical Technology

Subject: CT-PCC-401T (BCE) Process Technology & Economics (Theory)

Lecture

. : 3 Hours

Tutorial: 1 Hour

No. of Credits

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

 The objective of this course is to introduce students with basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for manufacture of various inorganic chemicals, Petrochemicals, Petroleum refining and cracking operations.

• This course also provides basic understanding for common utilities required for manufacturing process. It also provides understanding for various components of project cost and their estimation.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: understand about Raw materials, operating conditions, basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for manufacturing of inorganic chemicals

CO2: understand about raw materials, operating conditions, basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for manufacturing for Petroleum refining and cracking operations, syngas and hydrogen

CO3: understand about raw materials, operating conditions, basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for manufacturing of various Petrochemicals

CO4: understand about industrially relevant fuels, coal, coal-based chemicals and fuels Common utilities

CO5: get an Idea about Introduction to project, Various components of cost of production and their estimation and analysis of working results project

- Unit 1: Description, raw material and energy sources and consumptions, operating conditions, catalysts, basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for manufacture of inorganic chemicals, such as: inorganic acids, chlor-alkali, ammonia, fertilizers, etc.
- Unit 2: Description, raw material and energy sources and consumptions, operating conditions, catalysts, basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for Petroleum refining and cracking operations, syngas and hydrogen.
- Unit 3 Description, raw material and energy sources and consumption, operating conditions, catalysts, basic block diagram and simplified process flow diagram for manufacture of Petrochemicals: C1, C2, C3, C4, etc., benzene, toluene, xylene and other petrochemicals from these basic building blocks.
- Unit 4 Industrially relevant fuels, coal, coal-based chemicals and fuels Common utilities such as electricity, cooling water, steam, hot oil, refrigeration and chilled water.
- Unit 5: Introduction to project cost and cost of production, Various components of cost of production and their estimation, Various components of project cost and their estimation, Estimation of working capital. Analysis of working results project: Balance sheets, Project financing, concept of interest, time value of money, depreciation. Profitability Analysis of Projects

Books Recommended:

- George T. Austin, Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, McGraw-Hill International Editions Series, 1984
- M. Gopala Rao, Marshall Sittig, Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, East West Press, 1997
- 3. V. V Mahajani. S M. Mokashi, Chemical Project Economics, MacMillan India Ltd. 2005
- Max Peters, Klaus Timmerhaus, Ronald West, Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers, McGraw Hill International Edition, 2013
- S. D. Dawande, Process Equipment Design Vol 1 & 2, Seventh Edition, Denett Publication, 2015
- Jacob A. Moulijn, Michiel Makkee, Annelies E. van Diepen, Chemical Process Technology, Wiley, 2013

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Subject: CT-CS-402T/1 (BCHT) Food Technology I (Theory)

Chemistry of Foods

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 3

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

The main objective of this course is make students able to differentiate chemical interactions and reactions of food components and their effect on sensory, nutritional, and functional properties of foods, and how processing influences these properties.

Course Outcome(s):

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the structure and composition of carbohydrates and its metabolism.

CO2: Demonstrate the structure, composition, physical and chemical properties of different types of fats.

CO3: Recognize the function of the proteins and enzymes and understand their practical implications.

CO4: Describe the importance of water, colloidal systems and effect of water activity on shelf life of food products.

CO5: Understand the importance of micro nutrients in food products andable to find the energy value of different foods.

Course Content:

Unit 1: Chemistry of Carbohydrates (8L)

Nomenclature, Classification and Structure of carbohydrates. Chemical Reactions of Carbohydrates. Physical and Chemical properties of sugars, starch, pectic substances, gums and other polysaccharides. Functional properties of carbohydrate in food. Digestion of carbohydrate-based food and its metabolism

Unit 2: Chemistry of Lipids (8L)

Definition and classification of lipids, Chemistry of fatty acids andglycerides. Chemistry of processing of fats and oils, hydrogenation of fats, shortening confectionery fat etc. Rancidity of fats and oils, its prevention and antioxidants. Functional properties of lipids in foods. Metabolism of lipids.

Unit 3: Chemistry of Proteins and Enzymes (8L)

Importance of proteins. Nomenclature, classification, structure and chemistry of amino acids, peptides and proteins. Sources and distribution of proteins, isolation, identification and purity of proteins. Denaturation, Physical, Chemical and Biochemical characterization of proteins, Metabolism of proteins, Introduction classification and

nomenclature of enzymes, specificity. Industrial applications of Enzymes, kinetics, Techniques of immobilization of enzymes.

Unit 4: Water (8L)

Importance of water in foods. Structure of water and ice. Concept of bound and free water, their implications. Water Activity and its influence on shelf life of foods. Physical Properties of Food Systems. Colloidal Properties of food, Sensory perception of tastes, flavour, aroma and texture. Sensory analysis of foods.

Unit V: Micronutrients of food (8L)

Energy value of food. BMR and its measurement. Energy requirement of individuals. Nutritional evaluation of proteins. Recommended dietary allowances of proteins, fats and carbohydrates, Antinutritional factors in food, Vitamins – Classification, sources, functions and deficiency symptoms, assay of vitamins. Minerals – Micro & Macro Minerals. Loss of nutrients during processing, Enrichment and fortification.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Food Chemistry: L H Meyer, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co New York 1960
- 2. Principles of Food Science, Ed. Owen R Fennema Part I, Food Chemistry, Marcel Dekker Inc New York
- 3. The Chemical analysis of foods and food products: Morris B Jacob, 3rd Edition, Vam Nostrand Co, Princeston, New Jersey
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Peksock and Shields

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Subject: CT-CS-402T/2 (BCHT)

Oil Technology I (Theory)

Basics of Oils, Fats and Waxes

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 3

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

The main objective of this course is to impart basic knowledge about sources, structure, composition and characteristics of oils, fats and waxes

Course Outcomes (COs):

After final completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Thoroughly understand the basic knowledge about sources of Oils & Fats.

CO2: Classify oils & fats in detail, structure & composition of oil seeds.

CO3: Differentiate oils & fats from its constituents.

CO4: Determine physical & chemical characteristics, suitable processes, know standards & find adulteration.

CO5: Acquire knowledge of various aspects in the field of waxes also it includes sources, manufacturing process, refining of wax & highly applicable Chemical reaction and Biochemical reactions of fats and their fatty acids in industry.

Unit 1: Natural Fats and Oils

Their sources and classification, Constituents of Natural Fats, Glycerides. Phospholipids, Fatty acids, non-glyceride constituents, toxic constituents and detoxification. Nutritional functions of fats. Biosynthesis of Oils and Fats.

Unit 2: Glyceride Components and Analytical Studies of Oils and Fats

Glycerides and Fatty Acids: Nomenclature, Structure, Occurrence in Oils and Fats. Physico chemical properties of fats and fatty acids, solution properties and spectral properties. Determination of Reichert - Missel, Polenske, and Kirshner values.

Unit 3: Analysis of Oils and Fats

Physical and Chemical characteristics of Oils and Fats, Elementary methods of analysis of oils, fats and fatty acids. Determination of Color by Lovibond Tintometer, Determination of viscosity by Brookfield viscometer. Identification of fats and oils. Detection of adulteration in oils and fats. Indian Standards for fats and oils.

Unit 4: Natural Waxes and Synthetic waxes

Natural sources, composition, classification, extraction, refining and processing of waxes, general properties and uses of Paraffin wax, vegetable wax, Animal wax, Microcrystalline compound wax, Compound wax Mineral wax. Synthetic Wax: Esters, Ketones and Industrial waxes. Industrial applications of Waxes.

Unit 5: Chemical reaction and Bio-chemical reactions of fats and their fatty acids

Modern enzymatic reaction of oils, fats and fatty acids viz; extraction of oil, transesterification, hydrogenation, polymerization, sulphation and sulphonation, interesterification. Antioxidants and synergists.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Industrial Oils and Fat Products: Ed A E Bailey Vol I
- 2. Fatty acids: K.S. Markely, Inter Science Publishers, 2nd Edition, New York
- 3. Analysis of Fats and Oils: V.C. Mehlan Bacher
- 4. Inhibition of fat oxidation processes: K.A. Allen
- 5. An introduction to the Chemistry and BioChemistry of Fatty acids: Gunstone
- 6. Industrial Chemistry of Fats and Waxes: T Hilditch
- 7. B S I Methods of Analysis of Fats and Oils
- 8. Rancidity of Edible Fats: C H Lea
- 9. ISI Methods of analysis of oils and fats IS 548 (1964)
- 10. AOCS Methods of Analysis of Oils and Fats

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Subject: CT-CS-402T/3 (BCHT) Petrochemical Technology I (Theory)

Oil and Gas Technology

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 3

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

Enable the students to understand basic principles of petroleum geology.

Enable the students to understand Drilling operations & various well Drilling Equipment.

 Enable the students to understand and follow the concepts of oil and gas production & processing techniques.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will be able to,

CO1: Understand & apply the knowledge of petroleum engineering.

CO2: Understand the various rocks along with migration of oil & gas from source rock to reservoir rock.

CO3: Get the knowledge about the purpose and uses of the well testing.

CO4: Create an information about the basic concepts of Enhanced Oil Recovery Mechanisms

CO5: Analyze various surface operations and associated equipment.

Unit 1 : Geology for Petroleum Engineers

Introduction to subject, history of petroleum, elements of petroleum geology, types & ages of rocks, lithography & classification of rocks, source rock, reservoir rock, entrapment & accumulation of hydrocarbons, traps for oil & gas along with structural details, theories of petroleum origin.

Unit 2: Geophysical exploration & drilling technology

Overview of petroleum exploration, introduction to geophysical / geological methods used in petroleum exploration, introduction to oil well drilling, types of drilling - cable tool, rotary drilling rigs & components, drilling fluids, Drilling Fluids: Function, composition, and classification, casing & cementation, well control.

Unit 3: Well completion & testing

Well completion: definition of well completion, types of completion, naturally flowing completions, artificial lift completions, well drill stem tests (DST); production tests, pressure tests on gas wells; formation interval testing and other well testing techniques, well stimulation techniques, acidizing concept, types of acids and additives, hydraulic fracturing.

Unit 4: EOR methods

Enhanced oil recovery techniques, introduction: historical background and review of primary and secondary recovery, injection rate and pressures in secondary recovery, gas injection, carbon dioxide flooding, polymer flooding, steam flooding, environmental factors associated with oil recovery, unconventional hydrocarbon resources, coal bed methane, gas hydrates, shale gas / oil, heavy oil.

Unit 5: Field processing of Oil & gas

Gathering & collection of oil & gas, flash and stage separation of oil & gas, design of oil & gas separators. Demulsification, stabilization and desalting of crude oil. Dehydration and sweetening of gas. Special problems in oil and gas separation. Removal of suspended solid & water from oil & gas. Scrubbers and wash tank. Safety features in oil and gas separation system.

Reference Books:

- Standard Handbook of Petroleum and Natural Gas Engineering. 2nd Edition. William C Lyons, Gary C Plisga. Gulf Professional Publishing.
- 2. Geology of Petroleum, A.I. Levorsen, 2nd Edition. CBS, Publishers, 2006.
- Carl Gatlin; Petroleum Engineering: Drilling and Well Completions, Prentice Hall, Technology and Engineering, 1960.
- L.P. Dake L Elsevier, "Fundamentals of Reservoir Engineering", Development in Petroleum Science. 1980
- Katz D.L. "Natural Gas Engineering (Production &storage)", TataMcGraw-Hill, Singapore, 6th edition, 2007



Subject: CT-CS-402T/4 (BCHT) Pulp and Paper Technology I (Theory)

Chemistry of Paper Making Raw Material

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 3

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

To impart knowledge of raw materials used in the manufacture of paper and its chemistry.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Knowing the different raw materials used in the manufacture of paper, understanding the source of cellulose and availability.

CO2: Understand the anatomy of different fibrous raw material. Study the various morphological properties relevant to paper manufacture.

CO3: Identify the chemical composition of wood which gives an idea of cellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin and extractives present in the wood.

CO4: Study the chemistry of cellulose and hemicelluloses. Understanding the role played by each wood component, reactions of cellulose and hemicelluloses with chemicals.

CO5: Understanding the relevance of lignin, reactions of lignin with different chemicals and their effect, qualitative and quantitative analysis of lignin, utilization of lignin as different polymeric products.

Unit 1: Species used as papermaking raw material

Wood species, anatomy and physical properties of wood - classification of woods, non woody fibres used in pulping - bast, fruits, grass, leaf, animal, mineral and synthetic fibres. Gross structure of trunk, structural elements of wood, fiber dimensions. Water conducting system, food conducting system, bark and its structural elements.

Unit 2: Anatomy of fibrous raw material and their chemistry

Fibre morphology - Cell formation and growth, fiber structure, gymnosperm and angiosperm fiber morphology, sapwood, heart wood, spring wood, summer wood, role played by growth rings, chemical composition of wood, proximate analysis of fibrous

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raw material, physical properties of fiber, decay of wood, physical properties of wood, extractives and it's chemical composition.

Unit 3: Chemistry of cellulose

Cellulose - Chemistry and location in the cell, isolation, molecular constitution, microfibrils, crystalline and amorphous cellulose, biogenesis of cell wall polysaccharides, sorption, swelling and solution of cellulose, degradation reaction of cellulose.

Unit 4: Identification and formation of hemicelluloses and lignin

Hemicelluloses it's structure and characteristics in wood. Lignin – lignification in wood, biological and biochemical aspects of lignin formation, chemical aspects of lignin formation, lignin carbohydrate bonds, heterogenity of lignin, laboratory separation of lignin.

Unit 5: Chemistry of lignin

Structure and properties of lignin, various commercial separation methods, qualitative analysis of lignin, quantitative analysis of lignin, structural analysis and utilization of lignin, low molecular weight products, polymeric products from lignin.

Books Recommended:

- Biermann's Handbook of Pulp and Paper: Volume 1: Raw Material and Pulp Making Paperback by Pratima Bajpai Dr., Elsevier, 2018.
- Papermaking Science and Technology, Vol- 2 Forest Resource and Sustainable Management, Joint Textbook Committee of TAPPI and Finnish Paper Association, TAPPI PRESS, 2002.
- Papermaking Science and Technology, Vol- 3 Forest Products Chemistry, Joint Textbook Committee of TAPPI and Finnish Paper Association, TAPPI PRESS, 2002.
- 4. Pulping Process by S.A. Rydholm, John Wiley and Sons, New York
- Pulp and Paper Chemistry and Chemical Technology: James P Casey, John Wiley and Sons, New York

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Subject: CT-CS-402T/5 (BCHT) Plastics and Polymer Technology I (Theory)

Polymer Science

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 3

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

Enable the students to learn the basics of Polymer-structure, reaction and molecular weight.

Course Outcomes (COs):

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

CO1: Select suitable raw material for the manufacture of a polymer.

CO2: Corelate the structure of polymer with property.

CO3: Apply appropriate polymerization reaction and technique for polymer synthesis.

CO4: Suggest suitable polymer for particular application on the basis of thermal transition.

CO5: Compute molecular weight of polymers by using different methods.

Unit 1: Raw Materials for Polymer

Manufacture and properties of raw materials for polymers (monomers): Ethylene, Acetylene, Tetrafluoroethylene, Propylene, Butadiene, Vinyl Chloride, Vinyl acetate, Vinylidene Chloride, Styrene, Acrylic acid, Methyl methacrylate, Acrylonitrile, Acrylamide, Dibasic acids such as Maleic acid, Adipic Acid, Terephthalic acid, Maleic Anhydride, Phenol. Urea. Formaldehyde, Isocyanate, Polyol, Caprolactam, Hexamethylene Diamine, Bisphenol A, Ethylene glycol, Epichlorohydrin, Melamine.

Unit 2: Polymer Classification and Structure

Introduction to Monomer, Oligomer, Polymer, Polymerization, Degree of polymerization, Monomer functionality and its importance, Classification of polymers, on the basis of Source, thermal behaviour, structure, Tacticity and C-C Linkages, Configuration and conformation, Co-polymers- random, alternating, block and graft. Amorphous and crystalline polymers, factors affecting crystallinity, effect of crystallinity on polymer properties, Molecular Flexibility: concept, factors affecting, properties affected.

Unit 3: Polymerization Mechanism and Techniques

Addition Polymerization: Free radical Polymerization, Ionic Polymerization-Anionic and Cationic Polymerization, Co-ordination polymerization, Kinetics of Polymerization

Step Polymerization: Polycondensation, Polyaddition polymerization and Ring opening Polymerization.

Bulk Polymerization, Solution Polymerization, Suspension Polymerization, Emulsion Polymerization, Interfacial Polymerization, Merits and demerits of different techniques.

Unit 4: Thermal Transition in Polymers

Transitions in Polymers, Glass Transition Temperature, factors affecting Glass transition temperature, Glass transition temperature of Copolymers, Relation between Glass transition temperature and Melting temperature, Practical Significance of glass transition temperature, Methods of determination of glass transition temperature.

Polymer degradation, Types: Mechanical, Oxidative, Thermal, UV Degradation, Prevention of degradation.

Unit 5: Polymer Molecular Weight

Average Molecular Weights in polymers: Number average and weight average molecular weight, viscosity average molecular weight, practical significance of molecular weight, Polydispersity and molecular weight distribution in polymers, Analytical techniques used to determine molecular weight: End group analysis, Light scattering, Viscometry, Cryoscopy, Ebulliometry, Membrane Osmometry, Ultra centrifugation.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Polymer Science by V. R. Gowarikar, New Age Int (P) Ltd.
- 2. Principles of Polymerization by George Odian, Wiley Interscience.
- 3. Text Book Of Polymers by Billmeyer, Wiley Interscience.
- 4. A Textbook of Polymer (Chem. & Tech. of Polymer) vol. I &II by M. S. Bhatnagar, S. Chand.
- 5. Outlines of Polymer Technology by R. P. Sinha, S. Chand.
- 6. Polymer Structure, Property and Applications by Deanin, ACS.
- 7. Physical Chemistry of Polymers by Tager, Mir Publication.
- 8. Advanced Polymer Materials: Structure Property Relationship by Shonaike, Advani, CRC Press.

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Subject: CT-CS-402T/6 (BCHT) Surface Coating Technology I (Theory)

Chemistry and Technology of Drying Oils and Polymerization

Lecture

: 3 Hours

: 3

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

After studying this course students must able to understand the:

- 1. classification of the paint/coatings and role of various ingredients.
- the concept and role of film-formation in coatings.
- the chemistry and technology of oils.
- 4. modifications of oils and use of modified oils as film-former in coatings.
- 5. the chemistry and mechanism involved in the synthesis of polymerization.

Course Outcomes (COs):

On the successful completion of the Course, students will be able to:

- CO 1: Understand and classify the paint/coatings and role of various ingredients
- CO 2: Understand the concept and role of film-formation in coatings CO 3: Understand the chemistry and technology of drying oils
- CO 4: Understand the modifications of oils and use of these oils/modified oils as film-formerin coatings
- CO 5: Understand the chemistry and mechanism involved in the synthesis of polymer
- Unit 1: Introduction to Surface Coatings: History of developments of surface coatings, Global scenario and past, present and future of Indian Coating Industry. Classification, definition paints, varnishes, lacquer, General composition of surface coatings, function of pigments, extenders, binders, driers, additives in surface coatings.
- Unit 2: Film Formation: Fundamental of film formation; Chemical Composition, functionality and degree polymerization and film properties. Concept of functionality. Types of coatings, convertible and non-convertible.
- Unit 3: Vegetable and marine Oils: Chemistry of oils and fats, Classification of oils, and fats; Characterization of oils - physical and chemical; Sources and composition of major Fatty acids composition and characteristics of individual oils; Constitution of fatty acids, Extraction of oils; Processing of oils; Reactions in oils: Oxidation, hydrolysis, glycerolysis, sulfonation, and epoxidation; Evaluation & properties and uses of oils; Non-drying, drying and semidrying oils.
- Unit 4: Drying of Oils: Chemistry and mechanism of oxidative polymerization of drying oils; Thermal polymerization of drying oils; Modification of drying oils; Stand, blown and boiled oils; Limed oils, Isomerized oils, Treated Oils. Dehydrated castor oil (DCO); Co- polymerized oils; film formation and deterioration.
- Unit 5: Polymerization: Linear and branched polymers; Cross-linked polymers; Degree of polymerization; Chemical classification of polymers; Addition polymerization: Monomers used in addition polymerization; Mechanism of addition polymerization; Manufacturing methods; Condensation polymerization, Characteristics of condensation polymerization; polymerization and hetero-polymerization. Molecular weight of polymer, glass transition temperature

Books Recommended:

- 1. Organic Coating Technology, H F Payne, Vol I, John Wiley and Sons, New York
- 2. Paint Technology Manual, Vol I, Oil and Colour Chemists Association
- 3. Paint Technology Manual, Vol II, Oil and Colour Chemists Association
- 4. The Chemical Constitution of Natural Fats, T P Hilditch, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons,
- 5. Protective and Decorative Coatings, J J Matellio, Vol I, John Wiley and Sons
- 6. Surface Coatings, Vol I, Raw Materials and their useage, Oil and Colour Chemists Association, Australia
- 7. Text Book of Polymer Science: W Billmeyer, Interscience Publishers Inc, New York
- 8. An Introduction to Polymer Chemistry: W R Moore, Aldine Publishing Co. Chicago
- 9. Principles of Polymer Science, by Bahadur and Sastry, Narosa Publishing House.
- 10. Polymer Science by Gowarikar, Johan Wiley and Sons 1986.
- 11. Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering, Johan Wiley and Sons, Inc

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Subject: CT-PCC-403T (BCE)

Fluid Mechanics (Theory)

Lecture

: 3 Hours

Tutorial: 1 Hour

No. of Credits

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

• The objective of this course is to understand the fundamentals of fluid flow phenomena. Deriving the mass and momentum balance equations from first principles. To learn about the transportation of fluids and flow measuring devices.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To understand the basic properties, classification of fluid and fluid statics.

CO2: To understand the fluid energy balance, energy losses and various pipe fitting

CO3: To understand Velocity Distribution, Fluid Friction and Two-phase flow, and flow patterns in two phase flow.

CO4: To understand various flow working principle and expressions for flow rate measuring meters

CO5: To understand Transportation of fluids, Classification of pumps and their properties.

- Unit 1: Introduction to fluids: fluid, Properties of fluids, Classification of fluids, Continuum hypothesis, Forces on fluids, Normal and shear stresses, Shearing and flow, characteristics of Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids, Shear stress distribution of fluids. Fluid statics: Pascal law, Hydrostatic equilibrium law, Pressure distribution & Manometry, U-tube, Inverted U-tube, Differential and Inclined manometers.
- Unit 2: Bernoulli's equation, Continuity equation, Frictional loss in pipe, Hydraulic mean diameter, losses due to enlargement and contraction of pipe cross - section. Equivalent length of pipe, Pipe fittings, Gate, Globe, Check and Butterfly valves. Boundary layer development
- Unit 3: Velocity Distribution for, Viscous & Turbulent flow through Pipe & Parallel plates. Fluid Friction in pipe: Friction factor, Head loss in pipe flow, Colebrook and White equation, Moody diagram, Two-phase flow, Flow patterns in two phase flow. The Baker diagram, Erosion in two phase flow
- Unit 4: Flow measurement: Flow rate measurement, Working principle and expressions for flow rate through Pitot tube, Orifice meter, Venturimeter, variable area flow meter, Notch and Weir, Coefficient of discharge.
- Unit 5: Transportation of fluids Classification of pumps, Positive displacement pumps, Reciprocating, Pump, Plunger pump, Diaphragm pump, Metering pump, Rotary gear pump, Rotary lobe Pump, Rotary vane pump, Flexible vane pump, Mono pump, Centrifugal pump, Volute pump, Volute pump with vortex chamber and diffuser vanes, Cavitation, Priming, Net positive suction head.

- 1. M. White, Fluid Mechanics, 8th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2016.
- 2. V. Gupta, S. K. Gupta, Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, 2nd Edition, New Age International 2011.
- 3. W. L. McCabe, J. C. Smith, P. Harriot, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th Edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition 2005.

- 4. O. Wilkes, Fluid Mechanics for Chemical Engineers, Prentice Hall of India, 2005.
- 5. R. W. Fox, P. J. Pritchard, A. T. McDonald, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, 7th Edition, Wiley-India 2010.
- 6. R. Welty, C. E. Wicks, R. E. Wilson, G. Rorrer, Fundamentals of Momentum, Heat and Mass Transfer, 4th Edition, Wiley, 2007.
- 7. R.P. Vyas, Fluid Mechanics, Second Edition, Dennet & Co. Publication, 2008
- 8. R.K. Bansal, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines Laxmi Publication 7th Publication 2017
- 9. B. R. Munson, D. F. Young, T. H. Okiishi, W. W. Huebsch, 6th Edition, Wiley-India 2010.
- 10. R. L. Panton, Incompressible Flow, 3rd Edition, Wiley-India 2005.
- 11. R. B. Bird, W. E. Stewart, E. N. Lightfoot, Transport Phenomena, 2nd Edition, Wiley- India 2002.

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Subject: CT-PCC-404T (BCE)

Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering (Theory)

Lecture

: 2 Hours

No. of Credits

: 2

University

: 35 Marks

College Assessment : 15 Marks

Duration of Examination: 2 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course has been designed to develop the understanding the computational methods to solve the problems related to the chemical engineering applications.

• The students are exposed to learn the basic principles, and logical skills in solving the problems using computational methods.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: To understand and solve the linear and non-linear algebraic equations written for chemical processes using numerical methods
- CO2: To understand and apply suitable curve fitting techniques for estimation of the parameters of the empirical equation for various chemical processes.
- CO3: To understand and apply various methods of numerical integration to chemical engineering problems.
- CO4: To understand and apply suitable numerical methods to solve Ordinary Differential Equations (IVP and BVP) and Partial Differential Equations written for chemical engineering problems.
- Unit 1: Introduction, Approximation and Concept of Error & Error Analysis, Methods of solution of linear algebraic equations (Gauss Elimination, Gauss Jordon, Gauss Seidel, Jacobi etc.) and nonlinear algebraic equations (Bisection, False Position, Newton- Raphson and Secant method etc.) applied to Chemical engineering problems.
- Unit 2: Curve fitting techniques: Least square regression (linear, polynomial, multiple linear etc.), Interpolation, Applications to chemical engineering problems.
- Unit 3: Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule, integration with unequal segments, Applications to chemical engineering problems.
- Unit 4: Ordinary Differential Equations: Initial value problem (Euler method, Modified Euler method, Runge-Kutta method) and boundary value problem (shooting method, Finite difference method) with emphasis on Chemical engineering problems. Partial Differential Equations: Laplace equation, Heat conduction/diffusion equations, explicit, implicit, Crank-Nicholson method with emphasis on Chemical engineering problems.

Recommended Books:

- 1. S.C. Chapra, R.P. Canale, Numerical Methods for Engineers, 6th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill Publications, 2012.
- 2. S.K. Gupta, Numerical Methods for Engineers, 2nd Edition, New Age International, 2010.
- 3. R.L. Burden, J. D. Faires, Numerical Analysis, 7th Edition, Brooks Coles, 2000.
- 4. K. E. Atkinson, An Introduction to Numerical Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, 1978.
- 5. W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes: The Art of Scientific Computing, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2007.

Subject: CT-BS-405T(BGE)

Inorganic Process Technology (Theory)

Lecture

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

University

: 70 Marks

College Assessment : 30 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

· Students will be able to understand sources and processes of manufacture of various important inorganic chemicals having industrial applications.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: To understand the knowledge of unit operations and apply them in production of industrial gases & acids.
- CO2: To understand the concepts, remember & apply the knowledge in the production process of different types of Industrial carbon and pigments.
- CO3: To understand the concepts & remember the processes in nuclear industries.
- CO4: To understand the manufacturing processes of Electrolytic & electro-thermal products
- CO5: To understand the production process of different fertilizers.
- Unit 1: Industrial gases & Acids: Manufacture of CO2, H2, N2 & O2, Air, ammonia and C2H2 and their industrial applications. Manufacture of nitric acid, sulphuric acid, Phosphoric acid and their industrial applications.
- Unit 2: Industrial Carbon & Inorganic pigments: Manufacture & applications of, Lamp black, Carbon black, Activated carbon, Graphite, Industrial diamond. Manufacture, properties & uses of white pigments- white lead, zinc oxide, titanium dioxide and Lithophone.
- Unit 3: Nuclear industries: Nuclear fission & fusion reactions, Feed materials, extraction of Uranium, uranium enrichment, nuclear reactor, reprocessing of nuclear materials, protection from radioactivity.
- Unit 4: Chloro-Alkali & Electrolytic and Electrochemical industries: Manufacture of Soda ash by Solvay's & modified Solvay's process, Types of electrolytic cells for Caustic soda & Chlorine manufacture - Nelson, Hookers, Castner Kellner, De-Nora & Membrane cells. Manufacture of potassium chlorate & per- chlorate. Artificial abrasives: Calcium carbide, Silicon carbide.
- Unit 5: Fertilizers: Classification of fertilizers, manufacture & applications of urea, ammonium nitrate, ammonium sulphate, Super phosphates & triple super phosphates, monoammonium and Diammonium phosphate, Potassic, compound & complex fertilizers.

- 1. B. K. Sharma, Industrial Chemistry, Goel Pub. House, Meerut.
- 2. M. Gopala Rao, Marshall Sittig, Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, East West Press, 1997
- 3. George T. Austin, Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, McGraw-Hill International Editions Series, 1984
- 4. G. N. Pandey, Text book of Chemical Technology, Vol. I, 2nd revised edition, 1994.
- 5. S. S. Dara, A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.

Subject: CT- HSMC-HS-406T (BGE)

HASS II Functional English (Theory)

Lecture

: 2 Hours

No. of Credits

: 2

University

: 35 Marks

College Assessment : 15 Marks

Duration of Examination: 2 Hours

Course Objectives:

• At the end of the semester, students will have enough confidence to face competitive examinations (IELTES/TOEFL/CAT/MAT/XAT/SNAP/GMAT/GATE etc.) to pursue master's degree. They will also acquire language skills required to write their Reviews/Projects/Reports. They will be able to organize their thoughts in English and hence face job interviews more confidently.

Scope: The Curriculum designed is student -cantered and it is guidance for their career.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: acquire knowledge of structure of language.

CO2: face competitive exams and the interview process and can become employable.

CO3: develop business writing skills.

CO4: become familiar with technology enabled communication and can develop technical and scientific writing skills.

Unit 1: Functional Grammar: Common errors, Transformation of Sentences, Phrases, Idioms &

[50 sentences of common errors, 50 examples of Transformation of Sentences, (5 each type), 50 noun/prepositional phrases, 50 idioms/proverbs]

Unit 2: English for Competitive Exams & Interview Techniques: IPA (vowel & consonant phonemes). Word building (English words /phrases derived from other languages), Technical Jargons, Synonyms/Antonyms, Analogies, Give one word for, Types & Techniques of Interview Assignment: [25 Words for teaching IPA, 25 words/phrases of foreign origin, 25 technical

jargons, 25 words for Synonyms/ Antonyms, 25 words for Analogies, 50 examples of give one word for]

Unit 3: Formal Correspondence: Business Letters, e-mail etiquettes [Orders, Complaints, Enquiries, Job applications and Resume Writing, Writing Memorandum, Circulars, notices], Analytical comprehension: [Four fictional & four non-fictional unseen texts]

Unit 4: Technical & Scientific Writing: Features of Technical Writing, Writing Scientific Projects, Technical Report writing, Writing Manuals, Writing Project Proposals, Writing Research papers. Assignment: (Any one project/review as assignment)

- 1. Effective technical Communication by Barun K. Mitra, Oxford University Press,
- 2. Technical Communication-Principles and Practice by Meenakshi Raman & Sharma, Oxford University Press, 2011, ISBN-13-978-0-19-806529-
- 3. The Cambridge Encyclopedia of the English Language by David Crystal, Cambridge University Press
- 4. Contemporary Business Communication by Scot Ober, Published by Biztantra,

- 5. BCOM- A South-Asian Perspective by C.Lehman, D. DuFrene & M. Sinha, Cenage Learning Pvt. Ltd.2012
- Business English, by Dept of English, University of Delhi, Published by Dorling Kindersley (India), Pvt. Ltd., 2009, ISBN 978 81 317 2077 6
- 7. How to Prepare a Research Proposal: Guidelines for Funding and Dissertations in the Social and Behavioral Sciences by Krathwohl & R David
- 8. Technical Writing- Process and Product by Sharon J. Gerson & Steven M. Gerson, 3rd edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2000
- 9. Developing Communication skills by Krishna Mohan & Meera Banerjee

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Subject: CT-PCC-407P (BCE)

Fluid Mechanics Lab (Practical)

Practical

: 2 Hours

No. of Credits

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 6 Hours

Course Objectives:

The course aims on the properties of fluids and the energy relationships in fluid systems. The fluid mechanics approach to solve typical problems in turbulent flow, calculation of turbulent boundary layers with pressure gradient, transition from laminar to turbulent flow, volumetric and mass flow rates through the Venturi meter and Orifice meter and efficiency of pumps.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: understand and solve typical problems in fluid dynamics at the appropriate level.

CO2: understand the fluid dynamics and also the principles of turbulent flow, calculation of turbulent boundary layers with pressure gradient, transition from laminar to turbulent flow.

CO3: learn to measure volumetric and mass flow rates through the Venturi meter and Orifice meter and efficiency of pumps.

CO4: understand and analyze the applications to industrial flows.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Required to perform minimum 8 practicals from the list given below:

- 1. To verify Bernoulli's equation
- 2. To calibrate venturimeter and obtain its coefficient of discharge
- 3. To calibrate orificemeter and obtain its coefficient of discharge
- 4. To calibrate Rotameter
- 5. To calibrate notched weir and obtain its coefficient of discharge
- 6. To study friction factor Vs Reynolds number for flow of water in a pipe
- 7. To study friction factor Vs Reynolds number for flow of air in a pipe
- 8. To study the relationship between Fanning friction factor Vs Reynolds number for flow of fluid through coils.
- 9. To obtain equivalent length of pipe for various pipe fittings
- 10. To study the operating characteristics of centrifugal pump.
- 11. To study the hydrodynamic characteristics of packed bed
- 12. To study the hydrodynamic characteristics of a fluidized bed
- 13. To study two phase flow.

- 1. M. White, Fluid Mechanics, 8th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2016.
- 2. V. Gupta, S. K. Gupta, Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, 2nd Edition, New Age International 2011.
- 3. W. L. McCabe, J. C. Smith, P. Harriot, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th Edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition 2005.
- 4. O. Wilkes, Fluid Mechanics for Chemical Engineers, Prentice Hall of India, 2005.

- 5. R. W. Fox, P. J. Pritchard, A. T. McDonald, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, 7th Edition, Wiley-India 2010.
- 6. R. Welty, C. E. Wicks, R. E. Wilson, G. Rorrer, Fundamentals of Momentum, Heat and Mass Transfer, 4th Edition, Wiley, 2007.
- 7. R.P. Vyas, Fluid Mechanics, Second Edition, Dennet & Co. Publication, 2008
- 8. R.K. Bansal, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines Laxmi Publication 7th Publication 2017
- 9. B. R. Munson, D. F. Young, T. H. Okiishi, W. W. Huebsch, 6th Edition, Wiley-India 2010.
- 10. R. L. Panton, Incompressible Flow, 3rd Edition, Wiley-India 2005.
- 11. R. B. Bird, W. E. Stewart, E. N. Lightfoot, Transport Phenomena, 2nd Edition, Wiley- India 2002.

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Subject: CT-PCC-408P (BCE)

Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering Lab (Practical)

Practical

: 2 Hours

No. of Credits

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

• To introduce various numerical methods that are important in the solution of a linear / non-linear algebraic equations, ordinary / partial differential equations.

- To perform experiments/develop the algorithms to solve linear / non-linear algebraic equations, ordinary / partial differential equations using appropriate numerical method.
- · Students will be made acquainted with theoretical aspects of mathematical softwares and commercial simulators.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: Apply various simulation approaches like MS-Excel, Mathcad etc. to solve linear and non-linear algebraic equations.
- CO2: Apply various simulation approaches like MS-Excel, Mathcad etc. to solve ordinary / partial differential equations
- CO3: develop the algorithms to solve linear / non-linear algebraic equations, ordinary / partial differential equations using appropriate numerical method
- CO4: understand the use of modern process simulators like Aspen Plus/Aspen Hysys/ MATHCAD/MATLAB/ CHEMCAD/ Scilab/ POLYMATH etc.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Required to perform minimum 8 practical from but not limited to the list given below:

- 1. Introduction to use of computers for numerical calculations
- 2. Solution of linear algebraic equations using Gauss elimination, Gauss-Seidel etc.
- 3. Solution of a non-linear equations using bracketing and Newton-Raphson method
- 4. Interpolation and Approximation
- 5. Numerical integration
- 6. Euler method
- Runge-Kutta methods for ODEs
- 8. Solution of system of ODEs using simple methods
- 9. Solution of simple PDEs

Recommended Books:

- 1. S.C. Chapra, R.P. Canale, Numerical Methods for Engineers, 6th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill Publications, 2012.
- 2. S.K. Gupta, Numerical Methods for Engineers, 2nd Edition, New Age International, 2010.
- 3. R.L. Burden, J. D. Faires, Numerical Analysis, 7th Edition, Brooks Coles, 2000.
- 4. K. E. Atkinson, An Introduction to Numerical Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, 1978.
- 5. W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes: The Art of Scientific Computing, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2007.

Subject: CT- BS-409 P (BGE)

Inorganic Process Technology Laboratory (Practical)

Practical

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 1.5

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

To perform experiments related to synthesis/preparation of some inorganic compounds.

- To perform the experiments on quantitative estimation of some of inorganic cations/anions.
- To analyse the waste of processes and some components in inorganic compounds.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1:To demonstrate the fundamental concepts of chemistry to quantitative analysis of inorganic compounds and its importance in engineering and technology.

CO2: To demonstrate the fundamental concepts of chemistry to preparation of inorganic compounds.

CO3:To demonstrate laboratory skills in chemistry, including proper laboratory notebook and record keeping skills, recognizing hazards, minimizing risks, and safe laboratory practices

CO4: To emphasize on planning of experiments, working in teams and improving experimental skills.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Required to perform minimum 8 practical from the list given below:

- To Prepare the Crystals of Chrome alum.
- 2. To Prepare Mohr's salt.
- To estimate the amount of impurities in a given sample of common salt.
- 4. To purify the given sample of Common salt.
- 5. To Prepare Cuprous Chloride.
- 6. To estimate the % available Chlorine in a given sample of Bleaching powder.
- 7. To Prepare the Crystals of Sodium Thiosulphate.
- 8. To estimate the amount of ferrous & ferric in pigment Red Oxide.
- 9. To Prepare the Crystals of Ferrous Sulphate from Kipp's apparatus waste.
- 10. To estimate Sulphate in a given solution by EDTA method.

Books Recommended:

1. G. H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham, R. C. Denney - Vogel's Textbook of quantitative chemical analysis V edition, Longman scientific technical, John willey and sons, Newyork1989.

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Subject: CT-GES-310P (BGE)

Engineering Workshop (Practical)

Practical

: 3 Hours

No. of Credits

: 1.5

University

: 25 Marks

College Assessment : 25 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

The idea of this course is to understand the concepts involved in product realization by carrying out manufacturing shop exercises. Hands-on practice with manufacturing shop exercises and assembly leading to realization of a new product in a group. Students will also be introduced to the importance of manufacturing planning.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To apply correct layout and safety rules for industrial applications

CO2: To select the correct tools and operations used to prepare the job in different shops.

CO3: To decide the sequence of operations and prepare the job in different shops.

CO4: To prepare process sheet for the manufactured product.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Introduction to the course and its objectives; mandatory briefing on shop-floor safety. Introduction to all manufacturing forms and introduction to basic tools (hand tools and power tools).
- 2. Overview of engineering materials and forms in which they are commonly available as raw materials. Typical component manufacture with materials like wood.
- 3. Overview of shape realization by manufacturing, measurement of manufactured parts. Associated with: Machine shop exercises- involving sawing, turning and drilling, milling, grinding and joining. Inspection of manufactured component using simple metrology instruments.
- 4. Overview of computer numerically controlled machines Machine shop exercise using CNC Part modelling, CNC program generation and cutting part on CNC milling machine.
- 5. Use of plastics and composites as engineering materials. Practical: Hands-on exercise involving plastics - use of injection moulding, extrusion etc.

- 1. Elements of Workshop Technology, Vol. I by S. K. Hajra Choudhury, 13th Edition, 2003, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Elements of Workshop Technology, Vol. II by S. K. Hajra Choudhury, 13rt Edition, 2003, Asia Publishing House.
- 3. Workshop Practice by H. S. Bawa, 1st Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2004.

Subject: MC

Environmental Sciences (Audit Course)

Teaching Scheme: 2 Hours/ Week

Course Objectives:

• The student on completion of course will understand the Ecosystem, Environmental issues related with social and human population, Biodiversity and its conversion.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- CO1: To understand and apply the Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies.
- CO2: To understand the importance of Natural Resources and its conservation.
- CO3: To understand the classification of ecosystem and importance of conservation of biodiversity.
- CO4: To understand the sources of pollution, ill effects of pollution and prevention methods of pollution.
- Unit 1: Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies: Definition, scope and importance, Need for public awareness.
- Unit 2: Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associated problems. (a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people. (b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems. (c) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable, energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. (d) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.
- Unit 3: Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. Structure and function of an ecosystem. Producers, consumers and decomposers. Energy flow in the ecosystem. Ecological succession. Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem: a. Forest ecosystem b. Grassland ecosystem c. Desert ecosystem d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries). Biodiversity and its conservation: Introduction Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Biogeographical classification of India, Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values, Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, India as a mega-diversity nation, Hot-sports of biodiversity. Threats to biodiversity.
- Unit 4: Environmental Pollution: Definition Cause, effects and control measures of: a. Air pollution b. Water pollution c. Noise pollution d. nuclear hazards. Solid waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Pollution case studies. Project work: Case studies

Books Recommended:

- 1. Erach Bharucha: "A Text Book of Environmental Studies"
- 2. M. N. Rao and HVN Rao: "Air Pollution"
- 3. S.S. Dara: "Environmental Chemistry and Pollution Control"
- 4. Mahesh Rangarajan: "Environmental Issues in India"
- D.L. Manjunath: "Environmental Studies".

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